

S1 Topic 12: Ratio and Proportion

1) Write down the ratio between two or more quantities



triangles : rectangles
4 : 3

rectangles : triangles
3 : 4



crosses : arrows : hexagon
2 : 3 : 1

hexagon : crosses : arrows
1 : 2 : 3

2) Simplify ratios

$$\begin{aligned} 21:28 \\ = 3:4 \end{aligned}$$

(dividing both sides by 7)

$$\begin{aligned} 96:24 \\ = 48:12 \\ = 24:6 \\ = 4:1 \end{aligned}$$

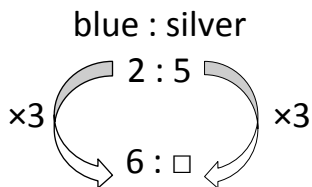
(dividing both sides by 2,
2 then 6)

$$\begin{aligned} 105:140 \\ = 21:28 \\ = 3:4 \end{aligned}$$

(dividing both sides by 5
then 7)

3) Use ratios to solve problems

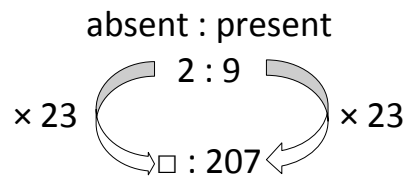
The ratio of blue to silver cars in a car park is 2:5. If there are 6 blue cars how many silver cars are in the car park?



Multiplied 2 by 3 to get 6
so multiply 5 by 3 as well

$$5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ cars are silver}$$

The ratio of pupils absent to present in a school is 2:9. If 207 pupils are present how many are absent?



$207 \div 9 = 23$ so right hand side has
been multiplied by 23

Multiply the left hand side by 23.

$$2 \times 23 = 46 \text{ so 46 pupils are absent.}$$

4) Share amounts in a given ratio

Share £84 in the ratio 3:4

$$3 + 4 = 7 \text{ shares are required.}$$

$$84 \div 7 = 12$$

$$3 \text{ shares} = 3 \times 12 = \text{£}36$$

$$4 \text{ shares} = 4 \times 12 = \text{£}48$$

$$\text{(Check: } 36 + 48 = 84 \text{ ☺)}$$

Share £546 in the ratio 1:2:3

$$1 + 2 + 3 = 6 \text{ shares required}$$

$$546 \div 6 = 91$$

$$1 \text{ share} = \text{£}91$$

$$2 \text{ shares} = 2 \times \text{£}91 = \text{£}182$$

$$3 \text{ shares} = 3 \times \text{£}91 = \text{£}273$$

$$\text{(Check: } 91 + 182 + 273 = 546 \text{ ☺)}$$

5) Solve problems using direct proportion

Five identical cakes weigh 5675g altogether. How much will nine of these cakes weigh?

$$\text{Weight of one cake} = 5675 \div 5 = 1135\text{g}$$

$$\text{Weight of nine cakes} = 1135 \times 9 = 10\,215\text{g}$$

It costs £31 for four adults to go to the cinema. How much will it cost for eleven adults?

$$\text{Cost for one adult} = 31 \div 4 = \text{£}7.75$$

$$\text{Cost for eleven adults} = 11 \times 7.75 = \text{£} 85.25$$

All direct proportion problems assume that we are dealing with identical objects or costs.