

## Level 4: Probability

### 1) Learn to find the probability of an event occurring, for example: -

In a car park there are ten black cars, eight silver cars, four red cars and two blue cars. What is the probability that the next car to leave is red?

$$\text{Total number of cars} = 10 + 8 + 4 + 2 = 24$$

$$P(\text{red})^* = \frac{\text{Number of red cars}}{\text{Total number of cars}} = \frac{4}{24} = \frac{1}{6}$$

In maths we often express probabilities as fractions – remember to simplify!

\*P(red) is shorthand for “Probability of a red car leaving next”

### 2) Learn to compare probabilities, for example: -

Two brothers have a very poor record for getting to school on time.

- In eleven days Jack has been late 4 times.
- In seven days Joe has been late 3 times

Who is more likely to be late?

When comparing probabilities, we can either convert them to a decimal if a calculator is available or, without a calculator, we may need to convert them to fractions with a common denominator.

With a calculator: -

$$P(\text{Jack late}) = \frac{4}{11} = 0.36363636\dots$$

$$P(\text{Joe late}) = \frac{3}{7} = 0.428571\dots$$

Joe is more likely to be late because 0.4285... is greater than 0.3636...

Without a calculator: -

$$P(\text{Jack late}) = \frac{4}{11} = \frac{28}{77}$$

$$P(\text{Joe late}) = \frac{3}{7} = \frac{33}{77}$$

Joe is more likely to be late because  $\frac{33}{77}$  is greater than  $\frac{28}{77}$ .

Percentages can also be used to express probabilities, although fractions and decimals are more commonly used in school maths.

### 3) Use probabilities to make predictions, for example: -

The probability of a bus being late is  $\frac{3}{10}$ . How many times would you expect the bus to be late in the next 20 days?

$$\frac{3}{10} \text{ of } 20 = 6 \text{ times}$$

Note this is a prediction based on past performance, the bus is not guaranteed to be late 6 times in the next 20 days.

### 4) Solve problems such as: -

Schools are asked to send teams to a maths competition in Edinburgh.

- Smalltown High School has 322 pupils, and it sends a team of five pupils.
- Grandville Academy has 748 pupils, and it sends two teams of five pupils.
- City High School has 956 pupils and it sends three teams of five pupils.

In which school is there a higher probability of getting picked to go to the competition in Edinburgh?

**REMEMBER TO SHOW ALL YOUR WORKING  
AND EXPLAIN YOUR ANSWER FULLY!**